

Personal Address Vortex Maps Set – Description

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07/03/25

Your Personal Address Vortex Maps Set is an Atlas of your place; each map represents one (or more) ways that the “Vortex Effect” can manifest, for example in the landscape, the culture, the animals, and the plants. I examine the many geophysical aspects of the Vortex Effect in *How Vortexes Affect Us*, part of your Set.

Your Set consists of several parts:

- Vortex Maps from my collection
- Earth Grid maps
- Regional and local Maps
- Private Maps
- Supplemental readings

Vortex Maps from my collection. Most but not all of these maps have appeared online, or in books, and I have cited the source whenever possible. (If no source is cited, you may be able to find an image source by uploading the image to www.images.google.com).

Earth Grid maps I generated for you using Google Earth Pro, a free download <https://www.google.com/earth/about/versions/>

Map the Earth Grid Using Google Earth. Instructions to do so are here:

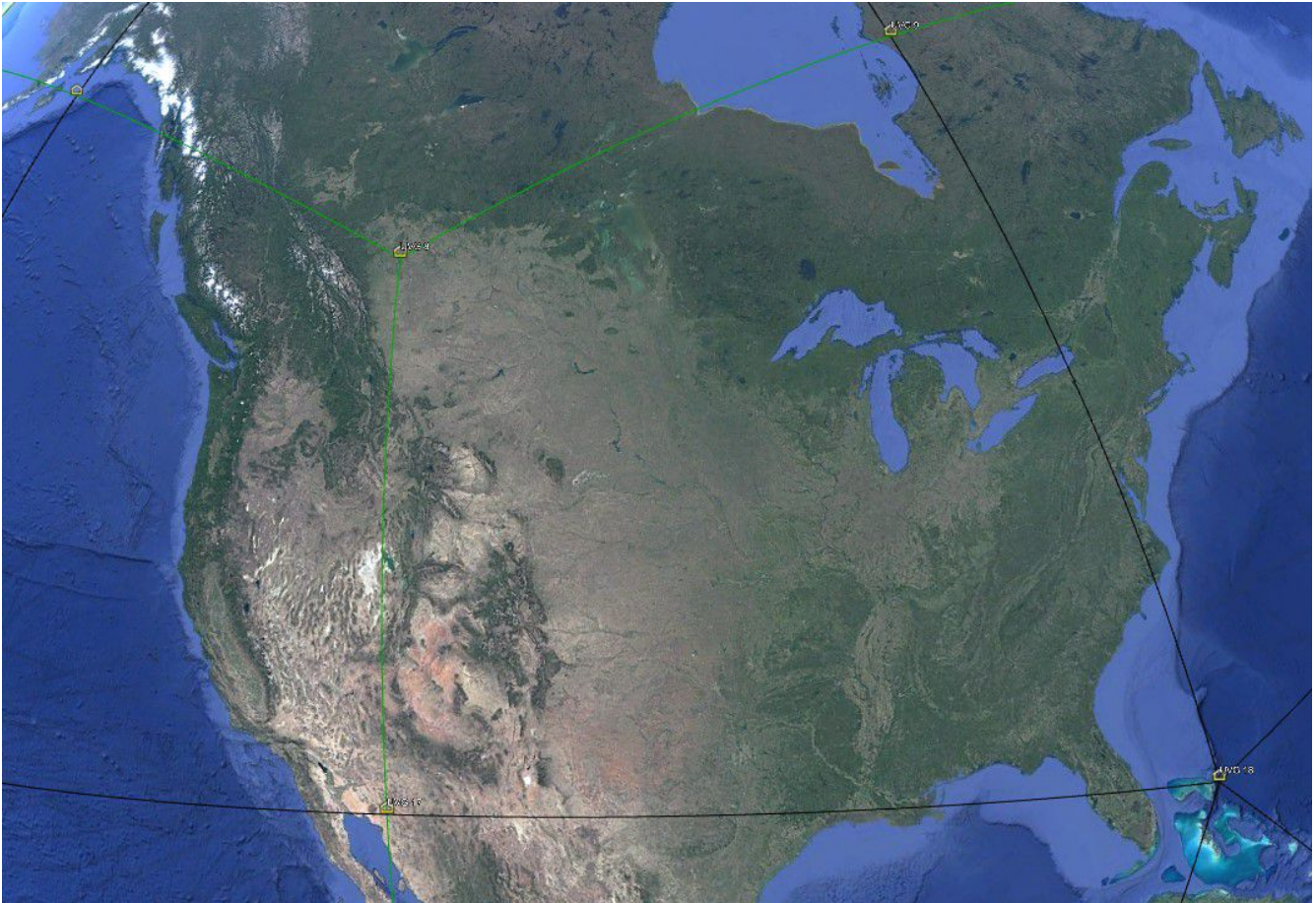
<https://www.vortexmaps.com/hagens-grid-google.php>

You can add countless data layers (.kmz) to Google Earth. Some kmz layers free for you here:

<https://www.vortexmaps.com/kmz/>

The best known Grid system is the combination of the icosahedron and dodecahedron that

Becker and Hagens published as the EarthStar Globe. Any number of geometric grids are possible.



Earth Grid lines are color coded in Google Earth Pro kmz file:

Red – Tetrahedrons

Yellow – Cubes

Black – Icosahedron

Green – Dodecahedron

Blue – Rhombic Triacontahedron

Icosahedral Great Circle Set:

Aqua – Yin

Orange – Yang

Green – Balance

White – Jim Alison line (see <https://home.hiwaay.net/~jalison/>)

The Earth Grid also consists of secondary lines:

<https://www.vortexmaps.com/grid-maps-zoom.php>

I used Peter Champoux's *Ley Lines and Earth Rings* kmz file. Available at

www.VortexMaps.com

Regional Maps generally show your whole state. These are common to a large population, I share these widely. They are not vortex-specific, they show other (related!) features and processes. To recognize your location on maps that don't show latitude and longitude, it's important to be able to locate it in relationship to natural features such as coastlines and rivers, as well as state and county lines. I search for the city in wikipedia to find the county.

Private Maps are specific to you, these are in a second, private folder. You're probably wondering, "How close am I to the grid line/ ley line?" Well, my first response is to emphasize that that's not quite the right question, because You and the ley line are One. Secondly, though, the lines are not 'pencil thin' as shown on a map. The Earth Grid lines, all Great Circles around the Earth like the Equator, are generally considered 100 miles wide, so if you're within 50 miles of the hypothetical center-line, you're directly on it. These lines are undulating, pulsating, and influenced by us. They're only a "line" in the simplest model, in reality they're more complex, perhaps sine waves, spirals, toroids, or even multi-dimensional.

The course readings I compiled for myself and my students. Download these from their own google drive:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/15ihFIUZPKs6eHG3OTpliNhq_AxyZ7dgC?usp=sharing

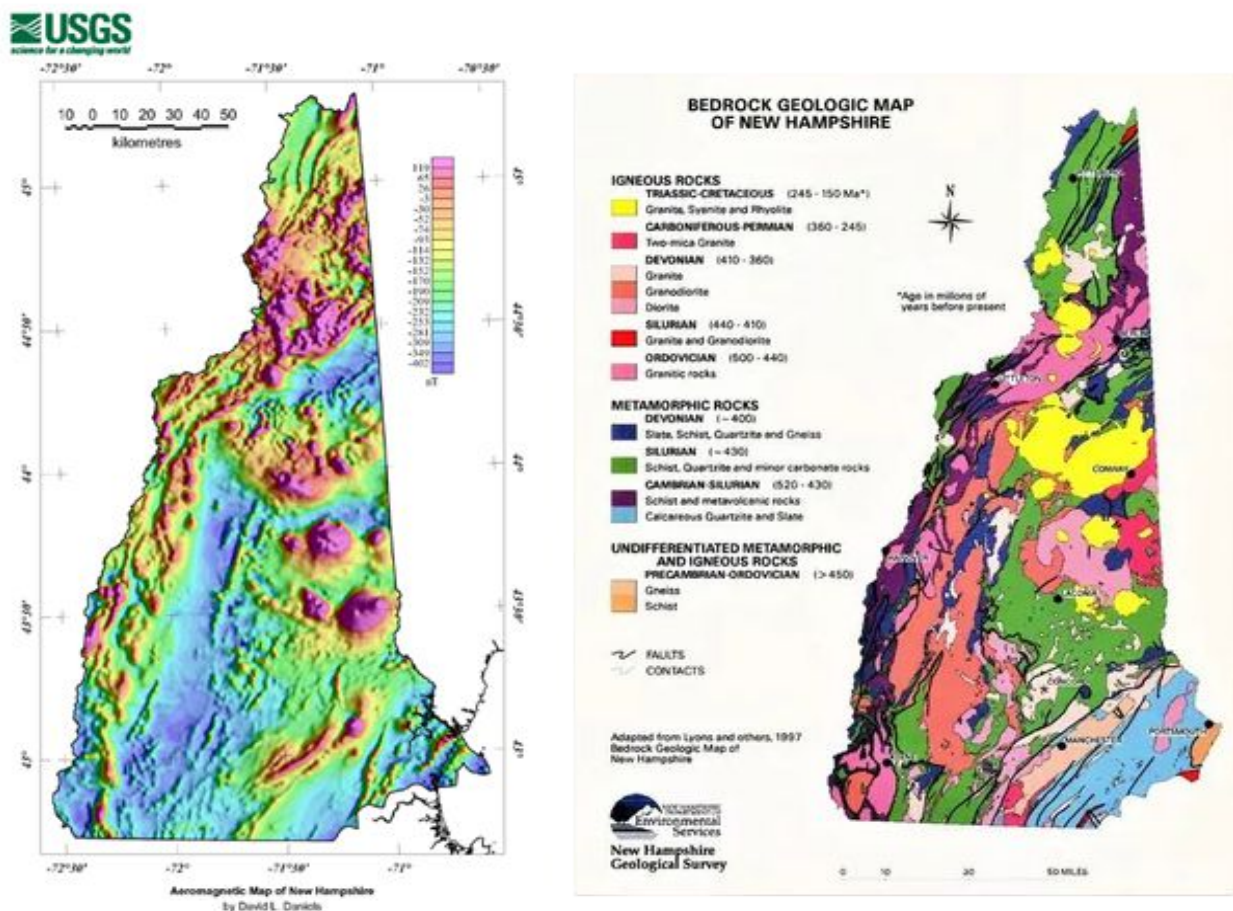
The course readings include a couple articles on dowsing, a skill most people can easily learn, with endless possibilities for vortex mapping.

I will continue to expand and update these shared google drive collections.

I ask you, please share your Earth Magic resources, back to me and my readers:

Your set of maps provides a starting point for you to begin study of the causes and effects of Earth energies in your place. Air photo interpretation and map interpretation both take time and practice. For example, you practically have to take Pilot Ground School to understand an aeronautic chart. https://aeronav.faa.gov/user_guide/cug-complete_20250220.pdf

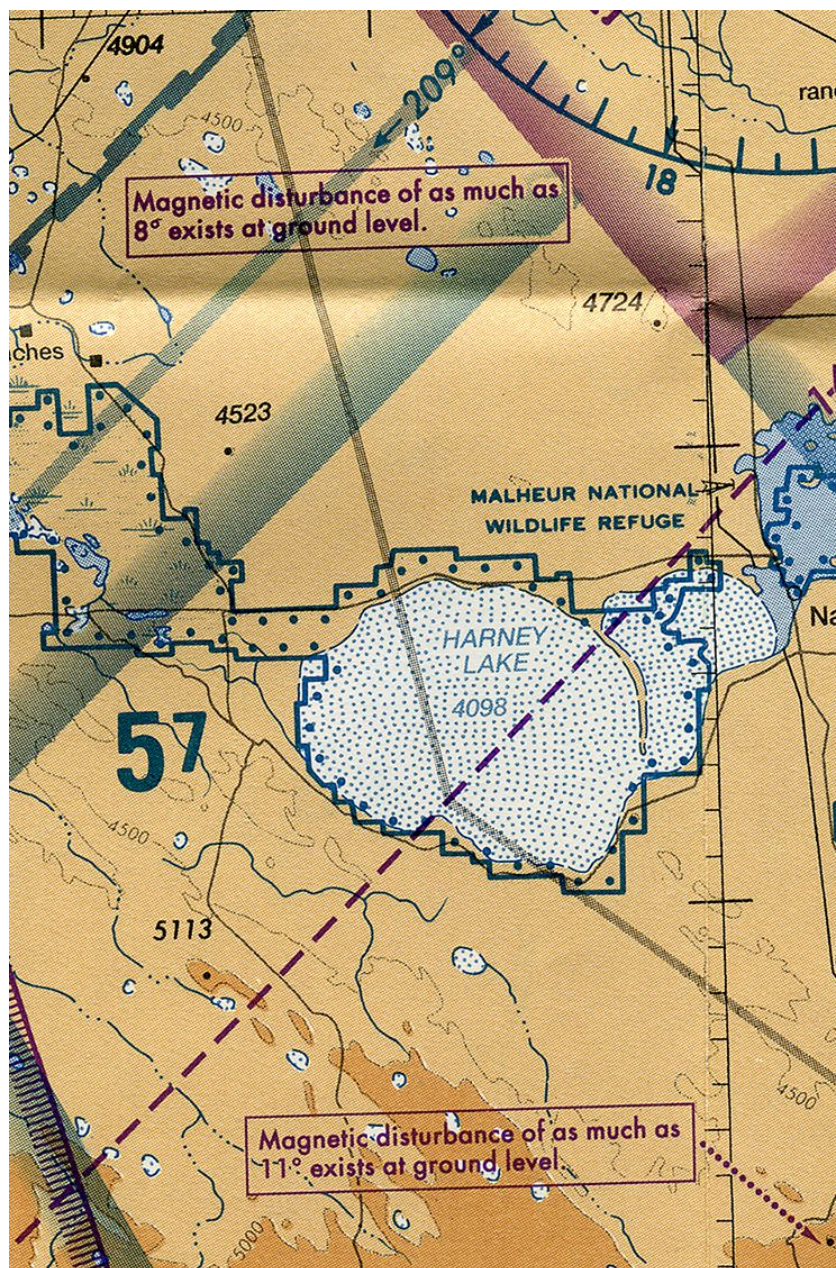
Unless you have a degree in geology, you won't fully understand a geologic map, but nonetheless you may well be able to derive some useful information, perhaps recognize certain patterns.



Compare this magnetic map of New Hampshire to the bedrock geology.

I have included a couple documents on map interpretation in the course readings (e.g., *Aeronautical Chart User's Guide*). I include aeronautic charts for a number of reasons. For one, they show magnetic disturbances (in purple rectangles). These confirmed Dorothy

Leon's psychic visions, as she tells in *Triangles from Mountains*.



Meditate on the maps as you would on a mandala.

How I selected your maps

I compiled these maps using images.google.com, and used the “Tools” feature to sort for images of large size, that is, high resolution. These suggest starting points for further research, they're not the end-all. Further searching will locate more recent and more detailed

info. In the case of soil maps and vegetation maps, for instance, although I have perhaps included one or two, you can find a large number of different types. In the case of air photos, historic and current photos reveal different details. Seasons, and the angle of the sun and shadows also reveal important nuances. A light layer of snow on the ground will reveal patterns of temperature and landscape you couldn't notice otherwise. And during particularly dry seasons, the colors of parched grass in a plowed field can reveal historic man-made features beneath, such as foundations and ancient earthworks.

Latitude and Longitude

Because the Earth rotates around the polar axis, locations with the same latitude share certain qualities in common, such as climate and growing seasons.. People at a certain latitude share an experience, everywhere around the Earth. Similarly, the experience of locations at a common longitude is shared, as locations on the Earth rotate in to and out of sunlight. The Earth's magnetic field is compressed on the Sun-ward side and expanded on the night side, as I describe in *How Vortexes Affect Us*.

Your latitude also shares certain geometric relationships to other locations, such as 90 degrees off-set (corners of a square).

Because the Prime Meridian, zero degrees longitude, is set at Greenwich, England, the Great Pyramid is about 31 degrees East. Some locations have a geometric relationship to this longitude. The Great Pyramid is considered an ancient Prime Meridian. You can calculate your longitude's relationship to the Great Pyramid at <https://www.vortexmaps.com/recalculate-longitude-based-on-great-pyramid.php>

Antipode

In geography, the antipode of any spot on Earth is the point on Earth's surface opposite to it, just like the North and South poles. To calculate the antipode, enter the latitude and longitude in decimal degrees format. This format may begin with a negative sign (-) to indicate direction East of the Prime Meridian (longitude 0°) at Greenwich, England.

The latitude simply changes from a positive value North of the Equator to a negative value

South of the Equator or vice versa. So there's no real need to calculate it.

For example:

Latitude: 37.7749 (for San Francisco, California, USA)

Longitude: -122.4194 (for San Francisco, California, USA) The antipode is:

Latitude: -37.7749

Longitude: 57.580600

<https://www.vortexmaps.com/calculate-latitude-longitude-antipodes.php>

Further Research

To get topographic maps for the US, I used:

<https://www.usgs.gov/programs/national-geospatial-program/topographic-maps>

I tried to get two contiguous maps for your area of interest in most cases, but that wasn't always possible. The interface is very good, but it seems maps may not always be the most current.

Aeronautic Charts for the US:

The Federal Aviation Administration (in the U.S.) publishes charts sometimes called “Air Charts” or *sectionals*, and this information is available free online. The physical charts are great to work with, to mark up with highlighters, and the scale is all the same, so you can tape them together. But more than that, your local airport has a General Aviation (Private Pilot) services provider (“Fixed Based Operator” or FBO) who likely still has a supply of physical maps, and these maps are continually being revised. At the FBO and you can buy an air chart, and probably you can even get one or more “outdated” charts for free.

I use www.skyvector.com to access aeronautic charts and airport runway diagrams. The runway diagram shows Geographic North compared to Magnetic North, and notes the rate and direction of annual change.



Airport map showing True and Magnetic North.



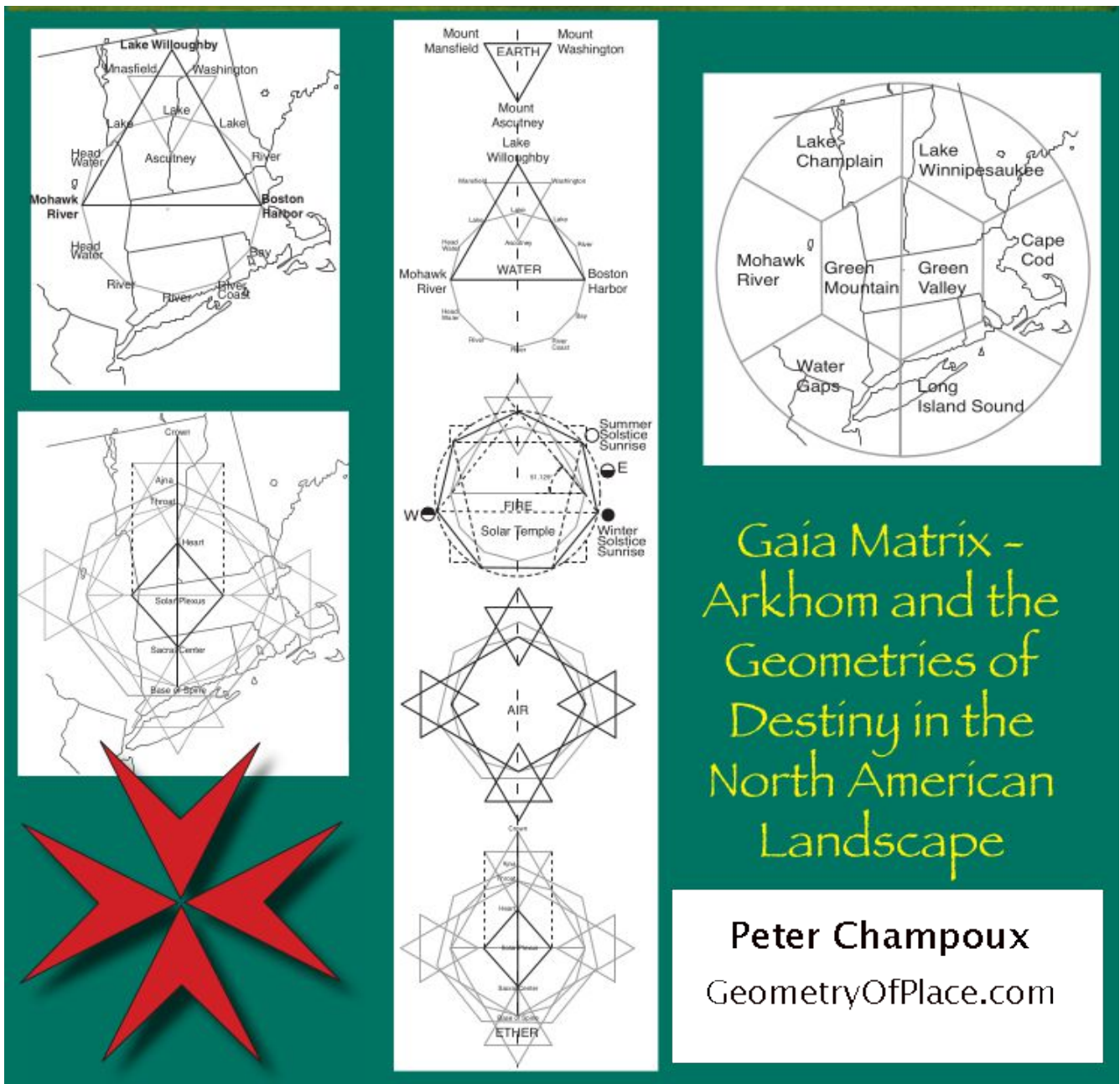
vertical component of the magnetic field.

The magnetic flow lines play an important part in the Feng Shui school of Earth Magic. A magnetic compass is an essential tool in the Feng Shui practitioner's tool kit. Walk your property with a magnetic compass. If you find places that deviate from the surrounding area, that's a magnetic anomaly, a vortex. Walk your property with a magnetic dip needle. The dip needle shows the

You can map your own property on the ground in numerous ways, by close observation of the plants and animals, for example. Certain flowers reveal the pH of the soil in the color of their blossoms. For example, hydrangeas: in acidic soil, their blooms turn blue, while in alkaline soil, they shift toward pink or even red shades.

What we're looking for

We're looking for whatever stands out, whatever is salient, or as we say in geography, prominent. Print out your maps and mark them up with a highlighter. On a topo map, mark all the highest elevations, and the lowest. Perhaps mark the most rapid changes in elevation. Mark cultural features such as battlegrounds, graveyards, churches, and historic places. Look for patterns. You may notice alignments ("leys"), or Earth Rings. Coastlines, mountain ranges, even roadways sometimes indicate an Earth Ring, as I describe in *US Vortexes 54 Miles Wide* and *Ley Lines and Earth Rings of America*. Look for triangles, especially equilateral triangles, as I describe in *Stonehenge Gardening Tips: Using Earth Energies in Your Garden*. An equilateral triangle implies both the encompassing circle, and also the other three points of a six-pointed star, as seen in this image from Peter Champoux.



Gaia Matrix - Arkhom and the Geometries of Destiny in the North American Landscape

Peter Champoux
GeometryOfPlace.com

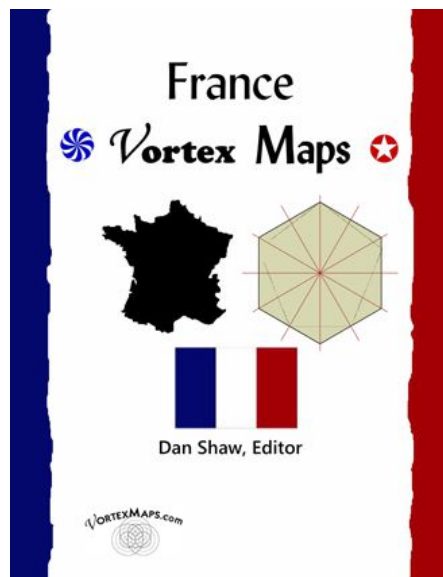
Whether or not your Personal Vortex Maps Set includes an analysis of your property line shape, and the orientation of your home, these factors contribute to the overall energy of your location.



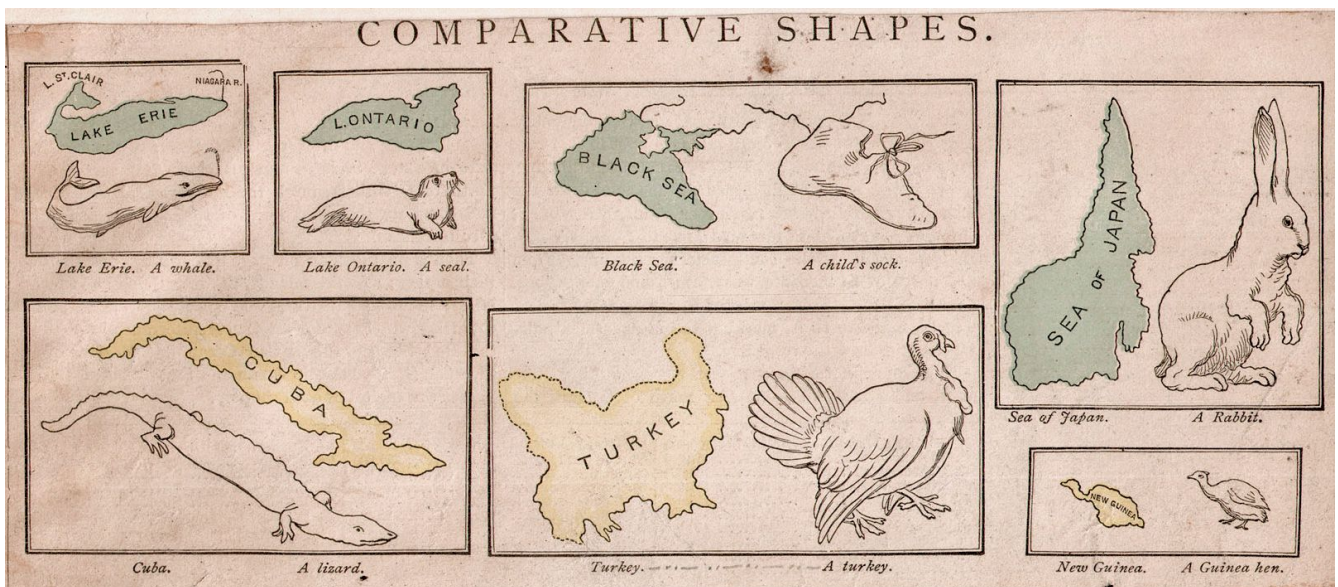
Urban development modified grid (Livermore, California) showing some homes align and others are skewed, influencing the subtle energy of the structure profoundly, also in regard to relationship to the street and oncoming traffic and headlights.

Look for other kinds of triangles, such as the 3-4-5 triangle that is the key to the alchemical riddle of Squaring the Circle, as well as the basis of the EarthStar Globe's thirty rhomboid (diamond-shaped) facets. Look for other triangles as well, namely isosceles triangles as Michael Poynder describes in *Pi in the Sky*.

Look for stars with five points and more. Researchers have identified these elaborate and sometimes quite exact star patterns in the natural landscape and also including ancient monuments and modern construction. But these patterns need not be exact to be meaningful. Even if the place is only 'roughly' five-sided (or more), for example, this still gives meaning and 'shape' to the landscape. See for example the cover of my *France Vortex Maps* book.



The French see their county as a hexagram.



Look for shapes of faces, animals, people, and inanimate objects, as we imagine we see in the patterns of the constellations. While you're at it, look for the patterns of the constellations. I give examples of these types of maps in *Supernatural Places and Visionary Maps*.

Modifying and Preserving Original Images and Files Names

In some cases I extracted a detail of an image from a larger image or document, if so I also included the full original file in the folder. I have renamed image files by adding a few words to the beginning of the name for human-friendly and search purposes; usually I have retained the original the name to help find the context of the original image if needed.

Maps Useful for Vortex Research

Some state maps relevant to vortex research I have collected here for you:

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1WBFHXOhXRjs1Hee1RGa0oxGhp0J-Jdj8?usp=sharing>

Use these keywords to search for maps of your area that may be useful for vortex research. This list is not exhaustive and I will update it periodically.

aeromagnetic

aeronautic chart

ancient sites

aquifer

arsenic

bird migration

caves

coal

county

depth to bedrock

Earth Grid

Earth Rings & Leys

eco-regions

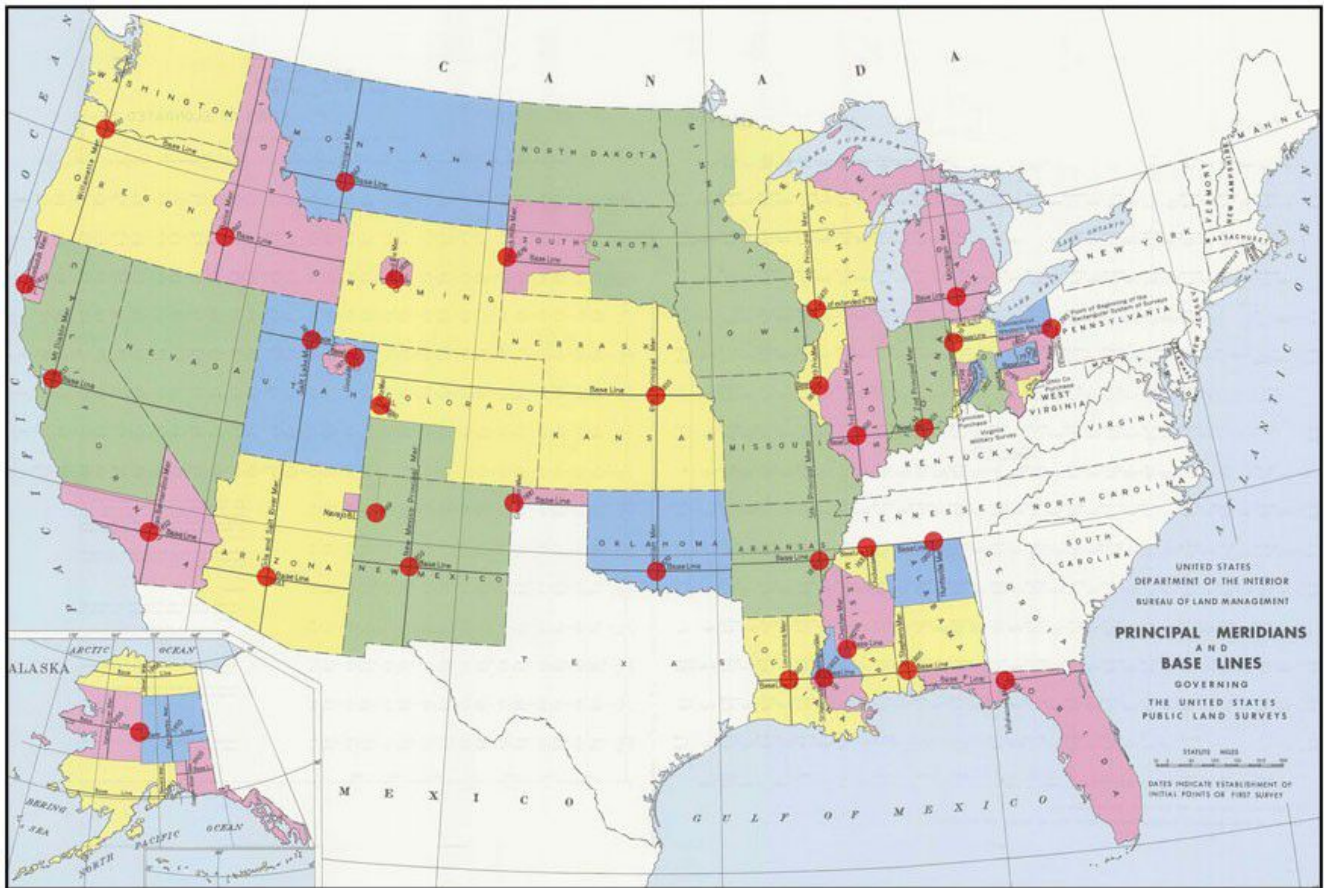
elevation / topo

faults / plates / tectonic

flood zones
gamma radiation
geology / terrane
Google Earth
gravity
historical
impact craters
land cover
LIDAR
magnetic
maps.google.com
mines / minerals
native
parks
physiographic
plant hardiness
population density
radon
runway diagram (showing Magnetic variation)
seismic / earthquake
soil
tsunami zones
uranium
volcanoes
watershed
zip codes

For further research:

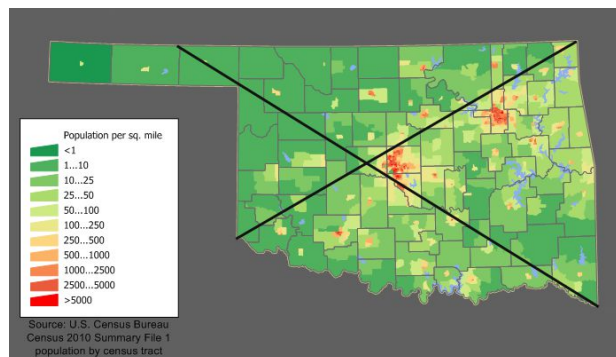
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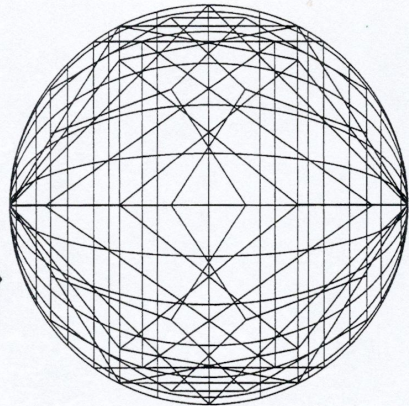
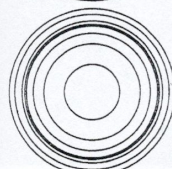
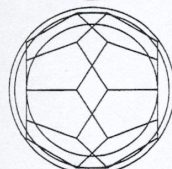
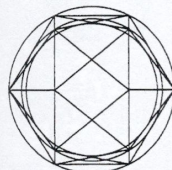
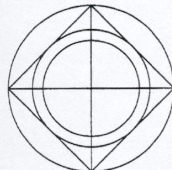
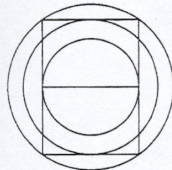
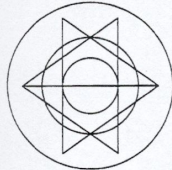
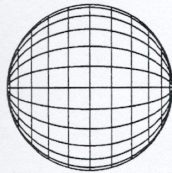
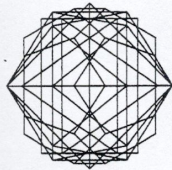
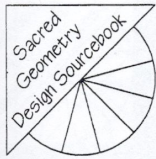


Many states have Base Lines and Principal Meridians...

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_principal_and_guide_meridians_and_base_lines_of_the_United_States

Sometimes it's useful to draw bisects of counties, states, or other regions. There are a number of ways of establishing or identifying a physical and energetic center, and drawing North to South and East to West bisects as shown above is one way. Bisects can also be drawn in an "X", as shown by this population map of Oklahoma.





all but non-inverted tetrahedron - 180° E

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 144° E

tetrahedron - 120° E

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 108° E

octahedron & cube - 90° E

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 72° E

inverted tetrahedron - 60° E

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 36° E

all but inverted tetrahedron - 0°

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 36° W

inverted tetrahedron - 60° W

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 72° W

octahedron & cube - 90° W

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 108° W

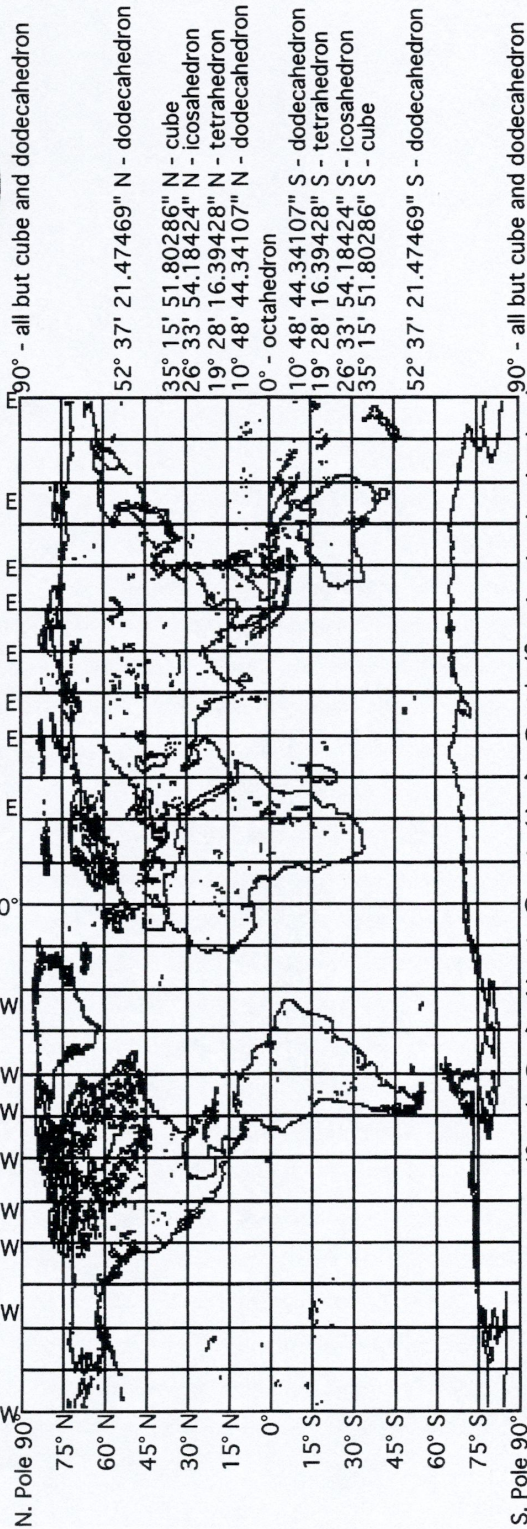
tetrahedron - 120° W

icosahedron & dodecahedron - 144° W

all but non-inverted tetrahedron - 180° W

via VORTEXMAPS.com

World Map with Superimposed Platonic Solid Vertex Latitudes and Longitudes



Longitudes and latitudes of the platonic solids inscribed in the Earth, from Bruce Rawles.

If you want me to analyze your property and maps further, I offer that service on a donation basis. Thank you, and I look forward to our continued conversations, please keep in touch.

The Vortex Detective, Dan Shaw

